

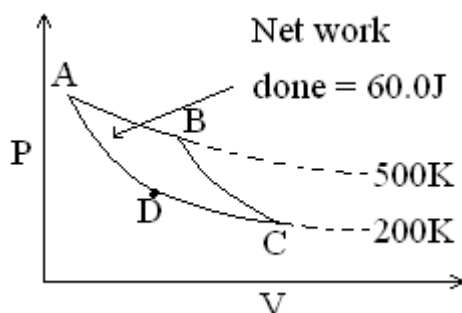
- 一、(a). What is the Boyle temperature? (3%) (b). Use the following table to list the gases from most ideal to least ideal and explain why? (3%) (C). The van der Waals constant for hydrogen is $a = 0.244 \text{ atm}\cdot\text{L}^2/\text{mol}^2$, $b = 0.0266 \text{ L/mol}$, calculate the Boyle temperature of hydrogen? (4%)

Boyle temperatures for various gases

Gas	T_B (K)
H ₂	110
He	25
Ne	127
Ar	410
N ₂	327
O ₂	405
CO ₂	713
CH ₄	509

- 二、 Determine the difference between ΔH and ΔU at 25°C for the following reaction:
 $2\text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \longrightarrow 2\text{SO}_3(\ell)$ (10%)

- 三、 The accompanying diagram represents a reversible Carnot cycle for an ideal gas: (a). What is the thermodynamic efficiency of the engine? (4%) (b). How much heat is absorbed at 500 K? (4%) (c). How much heat is rejected at 200 K? (4%) (d). In order for the engine to perform 1.00 kJ of work, how much heat must be absorbed? (3%)



- 四、 10.0 grams of helium behaved ideally is compressed isothermally and reversibly at 100.0 °C from 2.00 atm to 10.0 atm . Calculate q (3%) and w (3%) and each of the thermodynamic quantities ΔU (1%), ΔH (1%), ΔG (3%), ΔA (2%), and ΔS (2%) ?
- 五、 The ΔG^0 for the following reaction is +3.40 kJ/mol : $\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{HI}(\text{g})$
 (a). Calculate the equilibrium constant for the reaction ? (5%) (b). If the partial pressure of H₂ at equilibrium is 0.20 bar, please calculate the partial pressure of

hydrogen iodide in the mixture ? (5%) $P^0 = 1 \text{ bar}$.

- 六、 What pressure is necessary to change the boiling point of water from its 1.000 atm value of 100°C (373 K) to 97°C (370 K)? (10%) The heat of vaporization of water is 40.7 kJ/mol. The density of water at 100°C 0.985 g/mL, and the density of steam is 0.5983 g/L. You will have to use the relationship $101.32 \text{ J} = 1 \text{ L}\cdot\text{atm}$.
- 七、 Calculate ΔH_{mix} (2%), ΔU_{mix} (2%), ΔG_{mix} (3%), ΔS_{mix} (3%) for a system that mixes 1.00 mole of toluene and 3.00 mole of benzene? Assume ideal behavior and 298K.
- 八、 For the reaction:
$$3\text{Ag}(s) + \text{NO}_3^-(aq) + 4\text{H}^+(aq) \longrightarrow 3\text{Ag}^+(aq) + \text{NO}(g) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \quad E^\circ = 0.165 \text{ V}$$

Calculate (a). ΔG° (5%) and (b). K (5%) at 25°C .
- 九、 Consider the first-order decomposition of A. The rate constant doubles when the temperature increases from 15°C to 25°C and the rate constant for the decomposition at 40°C is 0.0125 s^{-1} . Calculate (a). What is the activation energy for the decomposition? (3%) (b). What is the half-life of A at 78°C ? (3%) (c). What is the rate of decomposition of a 0.200 M solution of A at 78°C ? (2%) (d). At what temperature will the rate of decomposition of 0.165 M be $0.124 \text{ mol} / \text{L}\cdot\text{s}$? (2%)